

Mineral Industry Surveys

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NICKEL IN JANUARY 2005

Reported domestic nickel consumption in January, on a daily average basis, was 19% greater than that of December 2004, according to the U.S. Geological Survey. Combined daily average consumption of nickel for stainless and alloy steels was 75.7 metric tons per day (t/d), 13% greater than the 67.1 t/d for December and 16% greater than the 65.2 t/d (revised) for January 2004. Consumption of >99.8% nickel metal to make superalloys (such as INCONEL 718 and WASPALOY) increased by 19% from December 2004 levels, on a daily average basis. Consumption to make corrosion-resistant, less stress-resistant nickel-base alloys (such as INCONEL 600 and Nickel 200) decreased slightly on a daily average basis. Sales to plating companies averaged 37.3 t/d, about 39% more than the December sales figure of 26.9 t/d.

On January 31, U.S. consumer stocks of cathode, pellets, briquets, and powder totaled 1,470 metric tons (t), 3% greater than the 1,430 t on December 31, 2004, and 6% greater than the 1,390 t reported for January 2004. Stocks in London Metal Exchange (LME) warehouses worldwide totaled 16,644 t on January 31, 2005, 20% less than the 20,898 t on December 31, 2004.

The United States imported 136,000 t of primary nickel in 2004, 8% more than the 125,000 t for 2003. Trade data for January will appear in a subsequent report.

Update: Nickel-cobalt hydrometallurgical plant becomes operational in the Philippines

On April 13, 2005, Coral Bay Nickel Corporation (CBNC) formally commissioned its US\$180-million hydrometallurgical processing plant near Bataraza on the island of Palawan. The plant is a joint venture of Sumitomo Metal Mining Company, Ltd. (SMM) (54% interest), Mitsui & Co., Ltd. (18%), Sojitz Corporation (18%), and a local Filipino company, Rio Tuba Nickel Mining Corporation (10%). The CBNC facility is designed to produce 10,000 metric tons per year (t/yr) of nickel

and 700 t/yr of cobalt as a mixed sulfide precipitate (Balitang Malacañang Office of the Press Secretary, 2005a§¹, b§).

The Coral Bay project was launched in April 2002. Although trial runs with the plant circuitry had been underway since September 2004, the first shipment of precipitate was not made until March 2005. If all goes well, the new facility could produce 7,000 t of contained nickel and 500 t of cobalt in 2005 (Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd. and others, 2004).

The CBNC plant is designed to extract nickel from low-grade ores previously considered waste. Feed is currently coming from stockpiles of low-grade ore at the adjacent Rio Tuba Mine. The Rio Tuba Mine, an open pit laterite operation, has been producing direct shipping ore for Japan since 1976. The mine has been stockpiling its lower-grade ores for approximately 20 years and now has 16 million metric tons (Mt) of ore suitable for processing by CBNC. The stockpiled material and future production of similar material by Rio Tuba will provide CBNC with a minimum of 25 years of feed, or about 35 Mt of ore on a wet basis (Go, 2004§).

All of the precipitate is being exported to Japan, where the two metals are separated at SMM's Niihama refinery in Ehime prefecture. At Niihama, SMM uses matte chlorine leach electrowinning technology to produce both electrolytic nickel and electrolytic cobalt.

Reference Cited

Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd., Mitsui & Co., Ltd., and Sojitz Corporation, 2004, Commissioning launched at nickel-cobalt processing project in the Philippines: Tokyo, Japan, Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd., Mitsui & Co., Ltd., and Sojitz Corporation joint press release, September 9, 3 p.

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Balitang Malacañang Office of the Press Secretary, 2005a (April 13), PGMA—RP has third largest nickel deposits globally, Office of the Press Secretary, Manila, Philippines, accessed May 3, 2005, at URL http://www.news.ops.gov.ph/archives2005/apr13.htm.

¹References that include a section mark (§) are found in the Internet References Cited section.

Balitang Malacañang Office of the Press Secretary, 2005b (April 13), PGMA switches on \$180M CBNC nickel plant in Palawan, Office of the Press Secretary, Manila, Philippines, accessed May 3, 2005, at URL http://www.news.ops.gov.ph/archives2005/apr13.htm.

Go, M.V., The Philippine Star, 2004 (July 4), DTI endorses Coral Bay Nickel's \$180-M project in Palawan, accessed April 4, 2005, at URL http://www.palawan.com/businessnews.asp?id=127.

 ${\bf TABLE~1}$ CONSUMPTION OF NICKEL (EXCLUSIVE OF SCRAP), BY FORM AND USE $^{\rm I}$

(Metric tons, nickel content)

·	Cathodes,		Oxide-sinter,			
	pellets,		salts, and		Total	
	briquets, and		other		year to	
Period	powder	Ferronickel	forms	Total	date	
2004:						
January	4,300	595	34	4,930	4,930	
February	4,950	455	26	5,430	10,400	
March	5,020	529	36	5,590	15,900	
April	4,670	458	52	5,180	21,100	
May	5,280	528	27	5,840	27,000	
June	5,230	556	39	5,830	32,800	
July	4,790	536	43	5,370	38,200	
August	4,850	677	36	5,570	43,700	
September	4,540 ^r	549	47	5,140 ^r	48,900	
October	5,080	734	41	5,860	54,700	
November	4,610	504	37	5,150	59,900	
December ^r	4,520	482	36	5,040	64,900	
January-December	57,900	6,600	454	64,900	XX	
2005:	<u> </u>					
January:						
Steel:						
Stainless and heat resisting	929	381	W .	1,310	1,310	
Alloy (excludes stainless)	792	207		999	999	
Superalloys	1,090		W	1,090	1,090	
Copper-nickel alloys	W			W	W	
Electric, magnetic, and						
expansion alloys	14			14	14	
Other nickel & nickel alloys	W		W	W	W	
Cast iron	W			W	W	
Electroplating (sales to platers)	1,160			1,160	1,160	
Chemical and chemical uses	W			W	W	
Other uses	1,410		40	1,450	1,450	
Total reported	5,390 2	588	40	6,020	6,020	
Total all companies (calc) ³	XX	XX	XX	11,300	11,300	

^TRevised. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Other uses" category. XX Not applicable. -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Of consumption, 4,410 metric tons were consumed as cathodes and pellets, the remainder as briquets and powder.

³Figures represent calculated apparent consumption; based on the revised proportion of reported primary consumption (53.17%) to apparent primary consumption for 2003.

 ${\it TABLE~2} \\ {\it ENDING~STOCKS~OF~NICKEL~(EXCLUSIVE~OF~SCRAP)~HELD~BY~CONSUMERS,~BY~FORM~AND~USE~}^{1,\,2}$

(Metric tons, nickel content)

	Cathodes, pellets,		Oxide-sinter,		
	briquets, and				
Period	powder	Ferronickel	other forms	Total	
2004:					
January	1,390	186	55	1,630	
February	1,660	111	44	1,810	
March	1,630	108	40	1,780	
April	1,760	227	34	2,020	
May	1,380 ^r	158	42	1,580	
June	1,470 ^r	185	45	1,700	
July	1,270 ^r	147	30	1,440	
August	1,490	139	32 ^r	1,660	
September ^r	1,640	184	31	1,860	
October	1,400 ^r	146 ^r	50	1,590	
November ^r	1,340	170	58	1,570	
December ^r	1,430	147	45	1,620	
2005:					
January:					
Steel (stainless, heat resisting and alloy)	594	173	(3)	767	
Nonferrous alloys ⁴	855	(3)	(3)	855	
Foundry (cast irons)	(3)	(3)		(3)	
Chemical (catalysts, ceramics, plating					
salt, etc.) and unspecified uses	21	20	52	93	
Total	1,470	193	52	1,720	

^rRevised. -- Zero.

 ${\it TABLE~3}$ Consumption and ending stocks of purchased secondary nickel, by ${\it use}^1$

(Metric tons, nickel content)

·		Consumption		Stocks				
	Ferrous	Nonferrous	Total	Ferrous	Nonferrous	Total		
Period	scrap ²	scrap ³	scrap	scrap ²	scrap ³	scrap		
2004:	•	•		•	•			
January	5,150 ^r	698	5,850 ^r	2,610 ^r	73	2,680 ^r		
February	4,830 ^r	708	5,540 ^r	2,620 ^r	79	2,700 °		
March	5,570 ^r	937	6,510 ^r	3,180 ^r	80	3,260 ^r		
April	5,330 ^r	865	6,190 ^r	2,860 r	82	2,940 ^r		
May	5,260 ^r	801	6,060 ^r	2,640 r	63	2,700 ^r		
June	5,140 ^r	804	5,940 ^r	2,660 r	85	2,750 ^r		
July	4,900 ^r	672 ^r	5,570 °	2,550 ^r	76	2,630 °		
August ^r	5,060	956	6,020	2,320	73	2,390		
September ^r	4,440	812	5,250	2,710	75	2,780		
October ^r	4,900	709	5,610	2,750	70	2,820		
November ^r	4,750	736	5,490	2,530	63	2,590		
December	5,230	581 ^r	5,810	2,290 r	65	2,360 ^r		
January-December	60,600 r	9,280 ^r	69,800 ^r	XX	XX	XX		
2005:	-							
January	4,690	676	5,370	2,330	80	2,410		

^rRevised. XX Not applicable.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Stocks held by companies that consume nickel in more than one end use category are credited to the major category. Stocks are subject to revisions owing to inventory adjustments.

³Included in the "Chemical and unspecified uses" category.

⁴Includes superalloys, nickel-copper and copper-nickel alloys, permanent magnet alloys, and other nickel alloys.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Nickel content is calculated from an average nickel content and the reported gross weight of scrap.

³Combined consumption and stocks of aluminum-base, copper-base, and nickel-base scrap.

 $\label{eq:table 4} \textbf{U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF NICKEL, BY COUNTRY}^1$

(Metric tons, nickel content)²

Period and country	Cathodes pellets, and	Powder and	Ferro-	Metal- lurgical- grade	Waste and	Stainless steel			Total year to	Wrought
of origin	briquets	flakes	nickel	oxide	scrap	scrap	Chemicals	Total ³	date ⁴	nickel
2003:	oriquets	Huico	meker	Onice	зегар	зегар	Chemicals	Total	uate	пеке
December	6,230	860	471	(5)	530	821	284	9,190	137,000	34
2004:	0,200	000	.,.	(-)	220	021	20.	>,1>0	107,000	٥.
January	7,360	829	1,040	40	489	933	435	11,100	11,100	77
February	7,200	834	1,070	161	667	1,020	485	11,400	22,600	49
March	10,700	812	806	134	1,430	1,660	376	15,900	38,400	72
April	10,700	720	1,680	23	574	908	296	14,900	53,400	53
May	8,530	564	941		698	680	381	11,800	65,200	55
June	9,190	732	978		553	680	324	12,500	77,600	86
July	7,370	914	1,070		624	663	374	11,000	88,600	79
August	9,770	800	1,020	24	585	928	434	13,600	102,000	116
September	6,590	571	1,080	207	689	697	339	10,200	112,000	88
October	11,100	976	1,280	210	535	780	321	15,300	128,000	43
November	9,140	659	1,240	240	602	696	378	13,000	141,000	33
December:			·							
Australia	900	20						920	11,400	
Brazil					8			8	2,080	
Canada	5,130	349		170	70	568		6,280	69,600	
Colombia			242			4		246	3,280	
Dominican Republic			1,320			1		1,320	8,710	
Finland	100					1	55	156	6,490	
France	77		87 ⁶		97		10	271	2,620	2
Germany		(5)			50		52	102	2,040	25
Japan		4			1	2	60	67	854	7
Mexico					27	144		171	2,200	
New Caledonia			100					100	1,150	
Norway	1,170							1,170	14,800	
Russia	1,940	293						2,230	20,000	
South Africa		40						40	817	
Sweden									42	
United Kingdom	9	98			78		13	198	3,670	2
Venezuela					5	13		18	443	
Zimbabwe	20							20	941	
Other		10			67	602	105	784	3,530 6	10
Total	9,340	814	1,750	170	403	1,340	295	14,100	155,000	46
2004: January-December	107,000	9,220	14,000	1,210	7,850	11,000	4,440	155,000	XX	796
2003: January-December	99,300	9,130	13,100	91	4,790	6,690	3,800	137,000	XX	660

XX Not applicable. -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²The nickel contents are assumed to be as follows: metallurgical-grade oxide (77%), waste and scrap (50%), and stainless steel scrap (7.5%). The chemicals category includes chlorides (25%); sulfates (22%); other salts (22%); supported catalysts (22%); and oxide, sesquioxide, and hydroxide (65%). ³Excludes wrought nickel.

⁴May include revisions for prior months.

⁵Less than 1/2 unit.

⁶All or part of these data have been referred to the U.S. Census Bureau for verification.

 $\label{eq:table 5} \text{U.S. EXPORTS OF NICKEL, BY COUNTRY}^1$

(Metric tons, nickel content)²

	Cathodes	Powder		Metal- lurgical-	Waste	Stainless			Total	
Period and country	pellets, and	and	Ferro-	grade	and	steel			year to	Wrought
of destination	briquets	flakes	nickel	oxide	scrap	scrap	Chemicals	Total ³	date	nickel
2003:										
December	44	92	10	4	809	3,190	441	4,590	53,600	72
2004:										
January	52	129	15	5	657	2,370	399	3,630	3,630	153
February	85	166		17	540	2,550	396	3,750	7,380	54
March	116	150	(4)	8	1,000	3,800	497	5,570	12,900	59
April	144	132	3	8	1,070	2,660	563	4,570	17,500	227
May	54	127	23	4	1,290	3,100	323	4,920	22,400	120
June	187	138	3	4	1,310	4,720	567	6,930	29,400	65
July	18	171	(4)	2	1,160	2,600	473	4,420	33,800	100
August	39	172		1	1,190	2,330	200	3,940	37,700	68
September	112	238		7	1,170	2,610	498	4,640	42,400	86
October	60	257	1	2	1,110	3,620	197	5,240	47,600	44
November	77	257	1	45	890	2,530	285	4,080	51,700	42
December:										
Australia		(4)			41			41	122	
Belgium		1				3	8	12	256	1
Canada	1	5	22		687	137	43	895	14,000	6
China		64	1		32	1,010	20	1,130	12,400	13
Finland					16	439		455	5,660	
Germany	(4)	14		87	16	5	6	128	849	5
India						243	(4)	243	1,940	(4)
Italy		(4)					1	1	85	1
Japan		5		1	44	18	7	75	1,100	26
Korea, Republic of		8				88	6	102	7,000	1
Mexico	24	27				107	8	166	1,240	21
Netherlands		16				80		96	1,260	3
South Africa				10			7	17	72	
Spain		(4)				370		370	696	(4)
Sweden							(4)	(4)	350	(4)
Taiwan	2	4			14	259	8	287	3,400	1
United Kingdom		2			174	9		185	1,270	5
Other		50		(4)	9	208	113	380	4,580	12
Total	27	196	23	98	1,030	2,980	227	4,580	56,300	95
2004:January-December	972	2,130	68	201	12,400	35,900	4,630	56,300	XX	1,110
2003:January-December	996	1,100	182	160	9,460	37,800	3,900	53,600	XX	2,890
XXXX : 1' 11 7		,			. ,	,	-,	/		.,

XX Not applicable. -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²The nickel contents are assumed to be as follows: metallurgical-grade oxide (77%), waste and scrap (50%), and stainless steel scrap (7.5%). The chemicals category includes chlorides (25%); sulfates (22%); other salts (22%); supported catalysts (22%); and oxide, sesquioxide, and hydroxide (65%).

³Excludes wrought nickel.

⁴Less than 1/2 unit.

 ${\bf TABLE~6} \\ {\bf U.S.~IMPORTS~FOR~CONSUMPTION~OF~NICKEL~ALLOYS,~BY~COUNTRY^{1}} \\$

(Metric tons, gross weight)

	Unwrought	Bars, rods		Plates		Tubes	Other		Total
Period and country	alloyed	and		and		and	alloyed		year to
of origin	ingot	profiles	Wire	sheets	Foil	pipes	articles	Total	date
2003:									
December	314	169	388	215	45	704	147	1,980	18,300
2004:									
January	102	278	286	193	14	134	133	1,140	1,140
February	165	214	362	251	8	374	238	1,610	2,750
March	102	166	446	213	18	362	459	1,770	4,520
April	345	255	504	164	44	773	172	2,260	6,770
May	123	269	494	131	14	231	115	1,380	8,150
June	227	344	517	301	40	136	100	1,670	9,820
July	271	322	504	192	32	140	87	1,550	11,400
August	324	251	496	236	31	89	109	1,540	12,900
September	528	193	440	192	30	317	79	1,780	14,700
October	295	285	477	215	7	148	206	1,630	16,300
November	245	247	624	280	41	246	233	1,920	18,200
December:									
Australia	73							73	941
Belgium	12		(2)				(2)	12	139
Canada			1			4	(2)	5	191
China							52	52	468
France			161	5		8	2	176	1,650
Germany	47	148	212	207	43	69	1	727	7,890
Italy	(2)	88	2	3			5	98	1,370
Japan			10	1		3	1	15	643
Mexico							39	39	462
Netherlands			(2)				13	13	191
South Africa	59							59	456
Sweden		17	194	3		(2)		214	2,970
United Kingdom	28	45	2	(2)		1	19	95	1,140
Other	50	2	6	7		21	13	99	1,390
Total	269	300	588	226	43	106	145	1,680	19,900
2004: January-December	3,000	3,130	5,740	2,590	322	3,060	2,080	19,900	XX
2003: January-December	1,910	2,520	5,760	3,330	215	2,770	1,770	18,300	XX

XX Not applicable. -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Less than 1/2 unit.

 $\label{table 7} TABLE~7$ U.S. EXPORTS OF NICKEL ALLOYS, BY COUNTRY $^{\scriptscriptstyle \rm I}$

(Metric tons, gross weight)

	Unwrought	Bars, rods		Plates		Tubes	Other		Total
Period and country	alloyed	and		and		and	alloyed		year to
of destination	ingot	profiles	Wire	sheets	Foil	pipes	articles	Total	date
2003:									
December	379	571	69	350	107	203	199	1,880	25,900
2004:									
January	522	731	155	366	9	118	231	2,130	2,130
February	543	777	155	343	15	172	299	2,300	4,440
March	980	640	92	491	30	184	333	2,750	7,190
April	283	649	99	472	22	144	303	1,970	9,160
May	457	976	168	334	46	119	543	2,640	11,800
June	511	722	130	427	33	170	272	2,270	14,100
July	614	1,100	177	350	11	132	244	2,630	16,700
August	629	760	176	234	10	123	221	2,150	18,800
September	1,010	1,080	169	389	16	163	257	3,090	21,900
October	517	776	190	390	26	178	236	2,310	24,200
November	613	1,110	183	327	21	148	256	2,660	26,900
December:									
Australia		2	(2)	1		(2)	1	4	263
Belgium	74	127	1	4		(2)	2	208	2,650
Canada	198	35	8	27	3	35	25	331	2,900
China	1	53	5	26	(2)	8	44	137	1,220
France	68	330	1	77	1	2	1	480	3,850
Germany	27	55	12	15	(2)	6	(2)	115	1,210
India	1	2		1		8		12	115
Ireland	(2)		1	1			(2)	2	24
Italy	25	1	(2)	4	(2)	11	(2)	41	1,140
Japan	411	36	(2)	10	(2)	6	4	467	3,790
Korea, Republic of		6	7	26	(2)	1	1	41	913
Mexico	1	15	57	33	(2)	12	116	234	3,230
Netherlands		3	27	9		3	(2)	42	369
Singapore	(2)	11	(2)	4	(2)	18	2	35	209
Spain	2	(2)		2	(2)		17	21	83
Sweden			(2)	20			(2)	20	166
Switzerland		1		1		1		3	244
Taiwan		14		14		2	3	33	409
United Kingdom	6	333	8	25	(2)	12	10	394	4,100
Other	9	79	30	50	1	25	18	212	2,870
Total	823	1,100	157	350	5	150	244	2,830	29,700
2004: January-December	7,510	10,400	1,850	4,470	243	1,800	3,440	29,700	XX
2003: January-December	6,660	7,960	1,190	3,960	662	2,420	3,050	25,900	XX

XX Not applicable. -- Zero.

 ${\it TABLE~8}$ NICKEL CONSUMPTION IN CAST AND WROUGHT PRODUCTS

	Percent		
	Wrought	Cast	
January 2005:			
Stainless and heat resisting steels	100	(1)	
Alloy steels	100	(1)	
Superalloys	89	11	
Copper-nickel alloys	94	6	
Other nickel-base alloys	100	(1)	

¹Less than 1/2 unit.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Less than 1/2 unit.

TABLE 9 NICKEL PRICES

		Platts Met	als Week		American Metal Market,
Date	Cathode NY Dealer \$/lb.	LME Cash mean ¹ \$/t	LME Cash mean \$/lb.	18/8 Stainless steel scrap Free market \$/long ton (gw)	18/8 Stainless steel scrap Pittsburgh \$/long ton (gw)
2004:	47-21	7.7	4, 22,	+1-2-8-2-1	4, 101.8 101. (8.1.)
Average for month of:					
January	6.900	15,326.548	6.952	1,517	1,463
February	6.968	15,145.125	6.870	1,537	1,585
March	6.203	13,715.000	6.221	1,458	1,563
April	6.056	12,848.125	5.828	1,397	1,503
May	5.185	11,118.289	5.043	1,281	1,367
June	6.063	13,533.523	6.139	1,241	1,208
July	6.990	15,023.295	6.814	1,430	1,402
August	6.320	13,679.524	6.205	1,481	1,560
September	6.112	13,270.909	6.020	1,405	1,470
October	6.523	14,404.286	6.534	1,413	1,470
November	6.488	14,045.455	6.371	1,506	1,562
December	6.286	13,768.810	6.245	1,457	1,523
Yearly average	6.341	13,823.241	6.270	1,427	1,473
2005:					
Average for week ending:					
January 7	6.65-7.18	14,292.500	6.483	1,400-1,450	1,500-1,525
January 14	6.97-7.05	14,817.000	6.721	1,450-1,500	1,500-1,525
January 21	6.74-6.94	14,492.000	6.573	1,500-1,550	1,500-1,525
January 28	6.63-6.76	14,365.000	6.516	1,500-1,550	1,500-1,525
February 4	6.82-6.90	14,599.500	6.622	1,500-1,540	1,500-1,525
February 11	6.89-7.22	14,995.500	6.802	1,500-1,540	1,500-1,525
February 18	7.18-7.29	15,418.500	6.994	1,500-1,540	1,500-1,525
February 25	7.37-7.62	15,987.500	7.252	1,500-1,540	1,500-1,525
Average for month of:					
January	6.748	14,501.250	6.578	1,488	1,513
February	7.065	15,344.625	6.960	1,520	1,513

¹Mean of the cash buyer price and the cash seller and settlement price.



